## **CLAIMS**

5

- 1. An electric traction motor for a vehicle comprising:
- a housing;
- a wound stator field located in said housing;
- a rotor magnetically interacting with said wound stator field;

high energy magnets configured in said rotor; and

low energy magnets configured in said rotor.

- 2. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said high energy magnets require a magnetizing field of more than 2000 kA/m to magnetize.
- 3. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said low energy magnets require a magnetizing field less than 2000 kA/m4 to magnetize.
- 4. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said high energy magnets are configured in positions proximate the surface of said rotor.
- 5. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said low energy magnets are configured below the high energy magnets in said rotor.
- 6. The electric traction motor of Claim 5 wherein said high energy magnets comprise NdFeB.
- 7. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said low energy magnets comprise ferrite.

- 8. The electric traction motor of Claim 1 wherein said high energy and low energy permanent magnets are injected into said rotor in liquid form.
- 9. The electric traction motor of Claim 9 wherein said high energy and low energy magnets include a polymer.
  - 10. An electric traction motor comprising:
  - a housing;
  - a wound stator field located in said housing;
- a rotor magnetically interacting with said wound stator field, said 5 rotor including an array of cavities;
  - a first magnetic material configured in a portion of said array of cavities; and
  - a second magnetic material configured in a portion of said array of cavities.
  - 11. The electric traction motor of Claim 10 wherein said first magnetic material is a high energy magnet.
  - 12. The electric traction motor of Claim 10 wherein said first magnetic material is NdFeB.
  - 13. The electric traction motor of Claim 10 wherein said second magnetic material is a low energy magnetic material.
  - 14. The electric traction motor of Claim 10 wherein said second magnetic material is ferrite.

15. A method of fabricating a rotor for an electric traction motor comprising the steps of:

forming cavities in the rotor;

injecting high energy magnetic material in a portion of the

5 cavities;

injecting low energy magnetic material in a portion of the cavities; and

post-magnetizing the magnetic material.

16. The method of Claim 15 further comprising the step of bonding said high energy and low energy magnetic material with a plastic.